

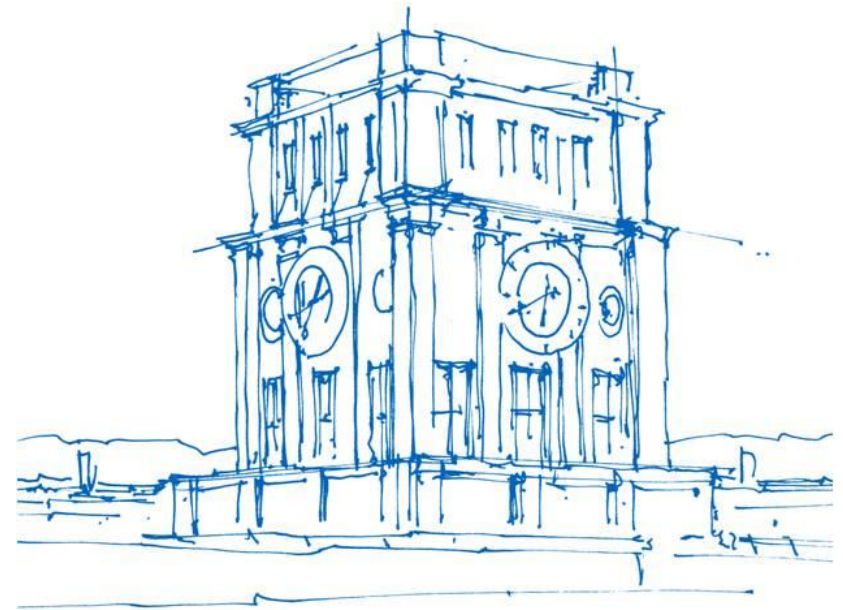
Simulating 2D Game Physics using dynamic Navigation Graphs.

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Bachelorthesis

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Uhrenturm der TUM

Initial Prototype

Game Jam Concept: *Huge & Cute*

Puzzle Platformer with two
simultaneously moving characters.

Puzzle Elements:

Characters

Boxes

Moving Platforms

Buttons

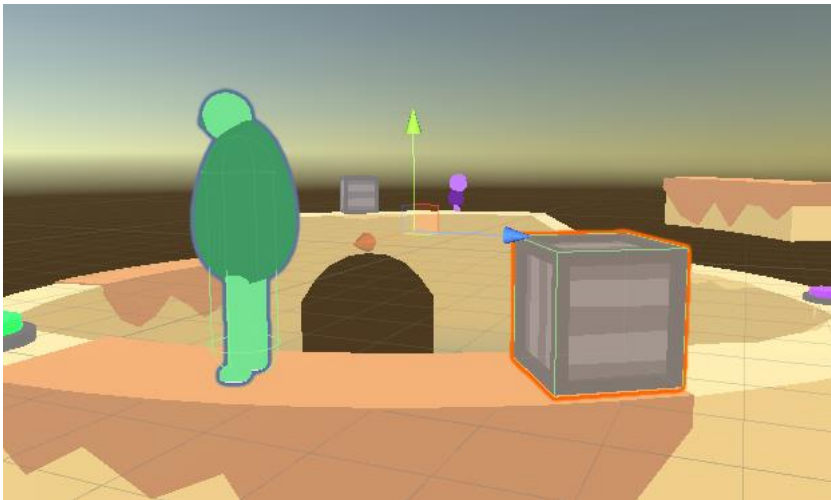
etc



Traditional Methods

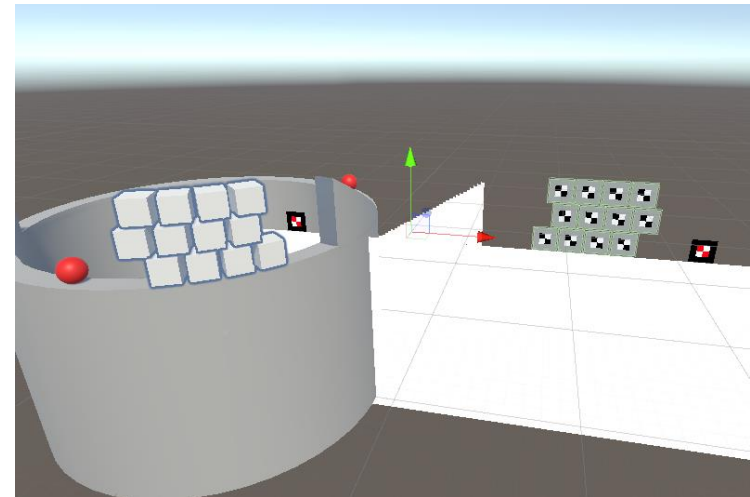
3D Physics

Using Unity 3D Physics for movement and collisions. Implemented in initial Portotype. Computationally intense and hard to extend.



2D Physics

Using two Unity Rigidbody 2D with constraints then remapping to 3D. Less computational intense, easier to extend.



New Method

Precomputing a Navigation Graph for the scene using its colliders. Each actor is represented by two points with continuous position on the edges.

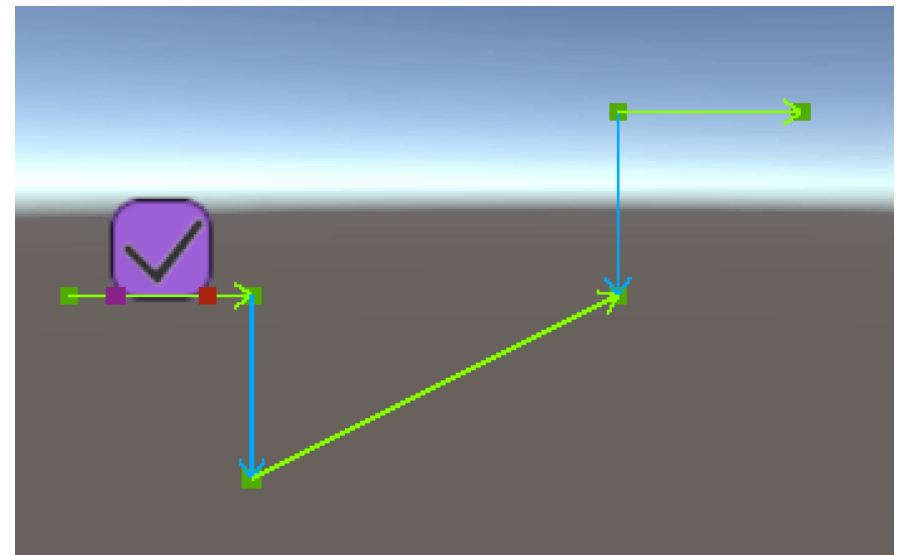
Uses the advantage that rigidbodies can only be in a small subset of states that a full physics simulation would support.

Estimated Advantages:

- Low computational cost
- Very predictable

Estimated Disadvantages:

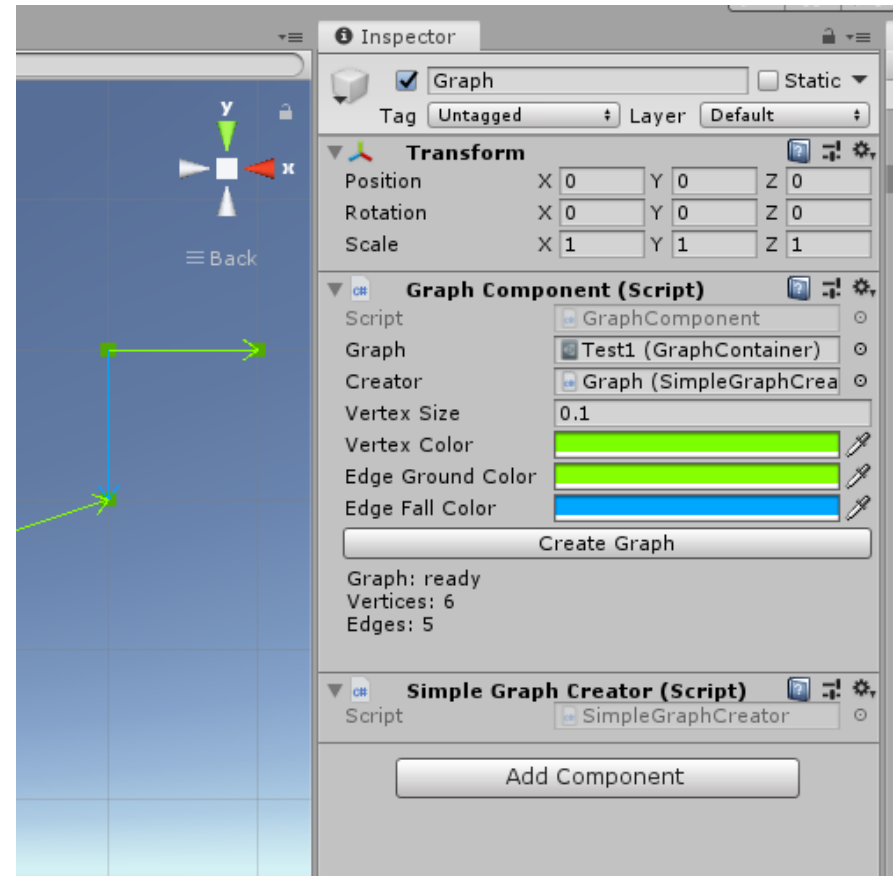
- Difficult extensibility



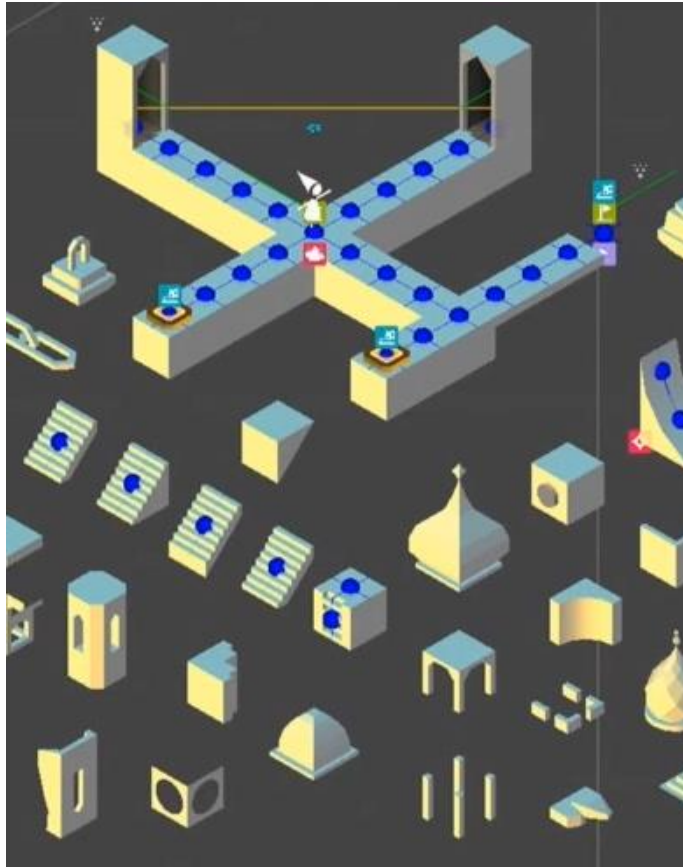
Components

The Implementation can be split into several smaller components:

- **Generating**
using colliders for intuitive scene building
- **Storing**
in Scriptable Objects
- **Simulating**
using Actors and a physics controller



Similar Games



Monument Valley, 2014, Ustwo Games

Similar Games



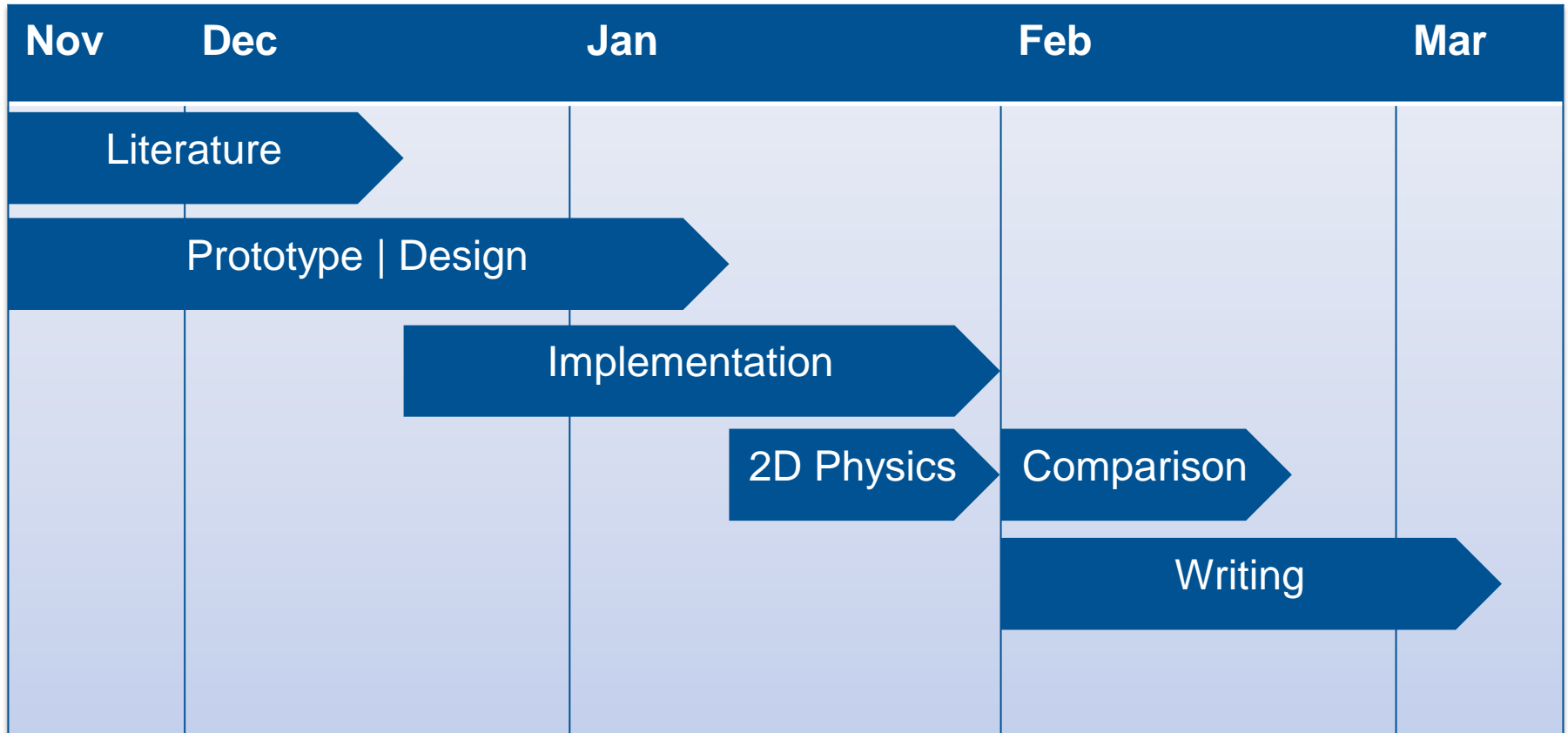
Deponia, Daedelic Entertainment, 2012

Similar Games



Old Man's Journey, Broken Rules, 2017

Timeline



Questions

Any Questions?