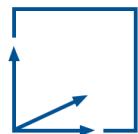


# **Development and Implementation of a Reusable Web-API for Online 3D- Reconstruction**

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Final: Bachelor Informatics

Supervisor: Prof. Gudrun Klinker, Ph.D.

Advisor: Linda Rudolph, M.Sc.

# Introduction and Motivation

- Fields of application for 3D models have been increasing in recent years
  - Rise in demand for 3D content
  - 3D reconstruction software gaining importance
- Several photogrammetry tools available (Agisoft Metashape, AliceVision Meshroom, COLMAP, ...)

# Introduction and Motivation

- Lack of a common interface to use and compare 3D-reconstruction software
- Local limitations (RAM, CPU, GPU)
- Tedious work involved with local setups
- Rise of cloud-based services



Necessity for web-based solution

# Existing Solutions / Related Work

## Related Publications:

- “3D reconstruction from photographs by CMP SfM web service” (J. Heller, M. Havlena, M. Jancosek, A. Torii, and T. Pajdla)
- “3DNOW: Image-based 3D reconstruction and modeling via web” (Y. T. Tefera, F. Poiesi, D. Morabito, F. Remondino, E. Nocerino, and P. Chippendale.)

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Code not available and little implementation details

# Existing Solutions / Related Work

Existing cloud-based services:

- Autodesk ReCap Photo
- Agisoft Cloud
- PIX4Dcloud
- WebODM Lightning

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Mostly paid and/or proprietary software

# Goals of this Thesis

Develop and implement a web-based service with the following properties:

- Allows management of image-sets and related image-metadata
- Allows execution of reconstruction tasks using different photogrammetry software through a common interface
- Is maintainable and extensible

# Goals of this Thesis

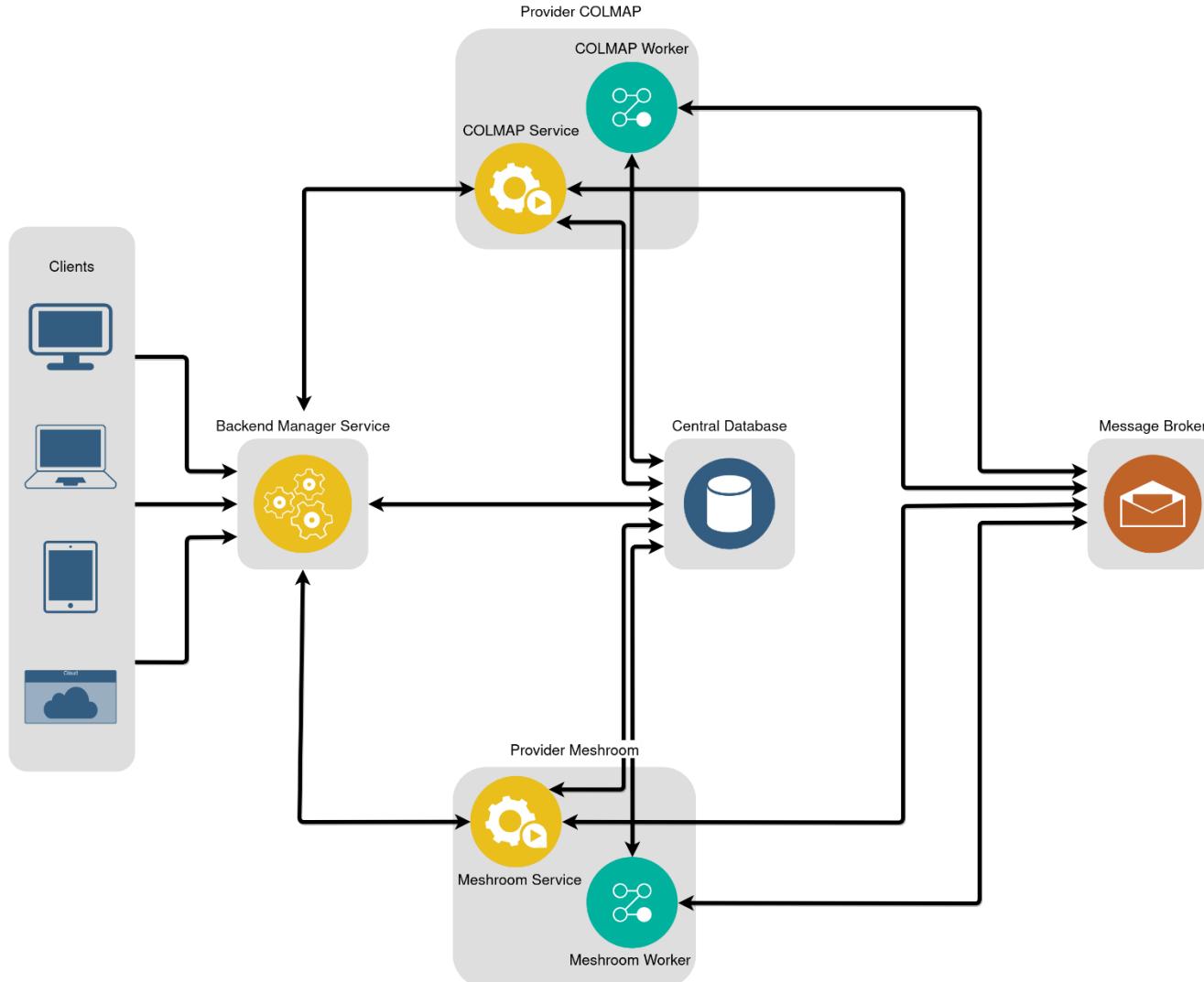
Develop and implement a web-based service with the following properties:

- (higher-level) Help expert and non-expert users to use a given photogrammetry software
- (higher-level) Help develop new software

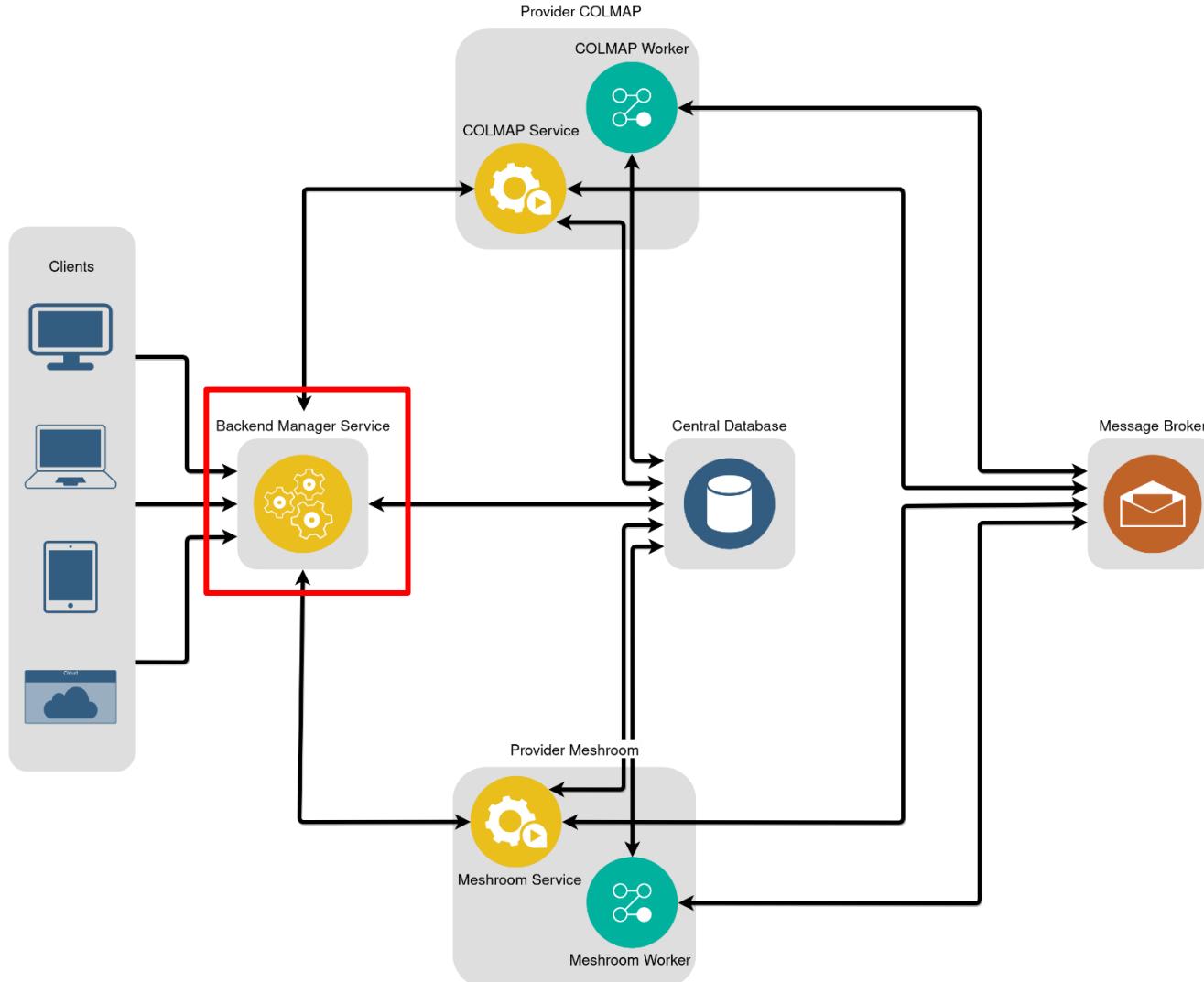
# Critical Research Issues

- Reusability aspect
  - Suitable for different client applications
  - Generalized functionalities
  - Well documented API
- Future-oriented development
- Functional implementation

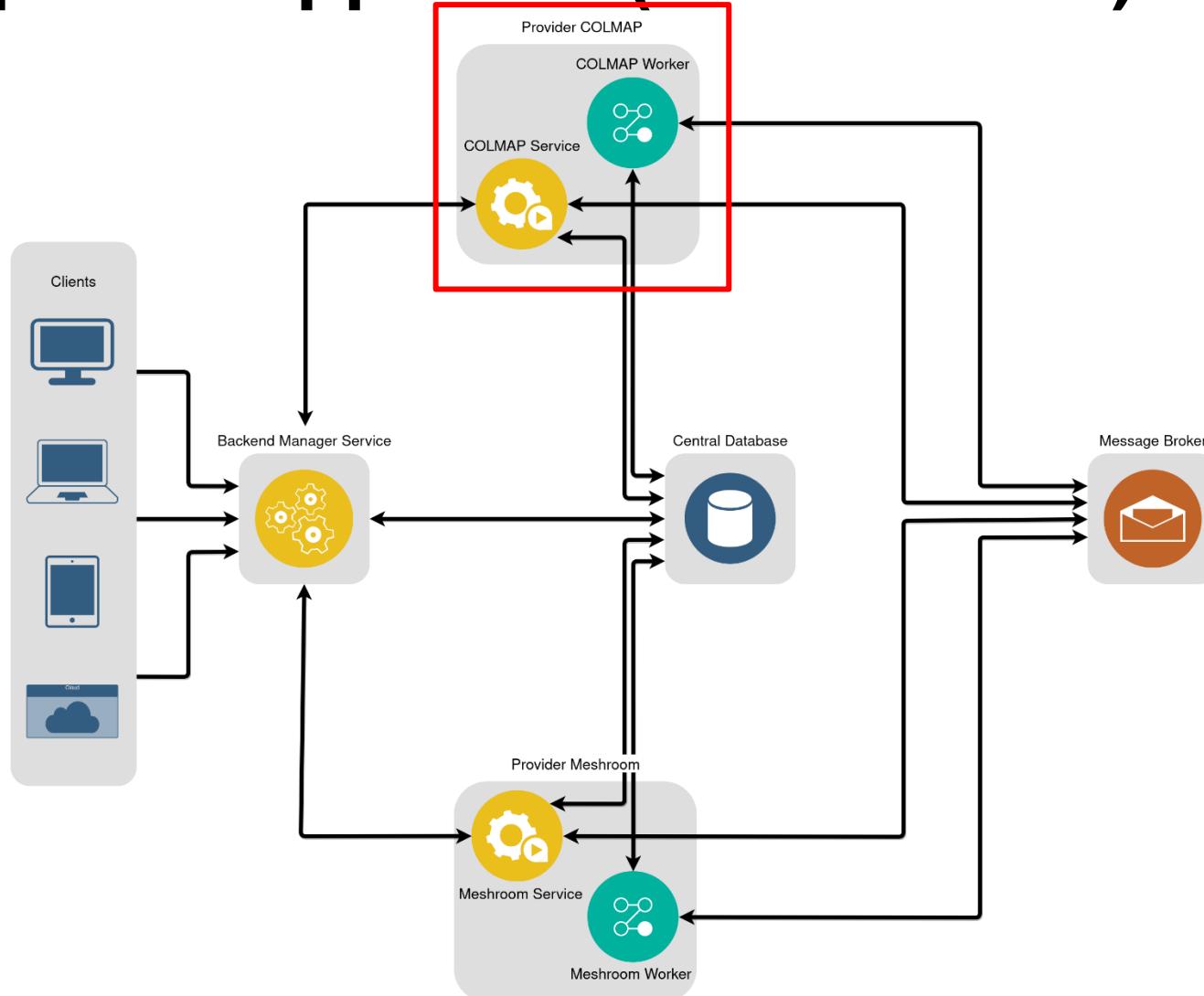
# Proposed Approach (Architecture)



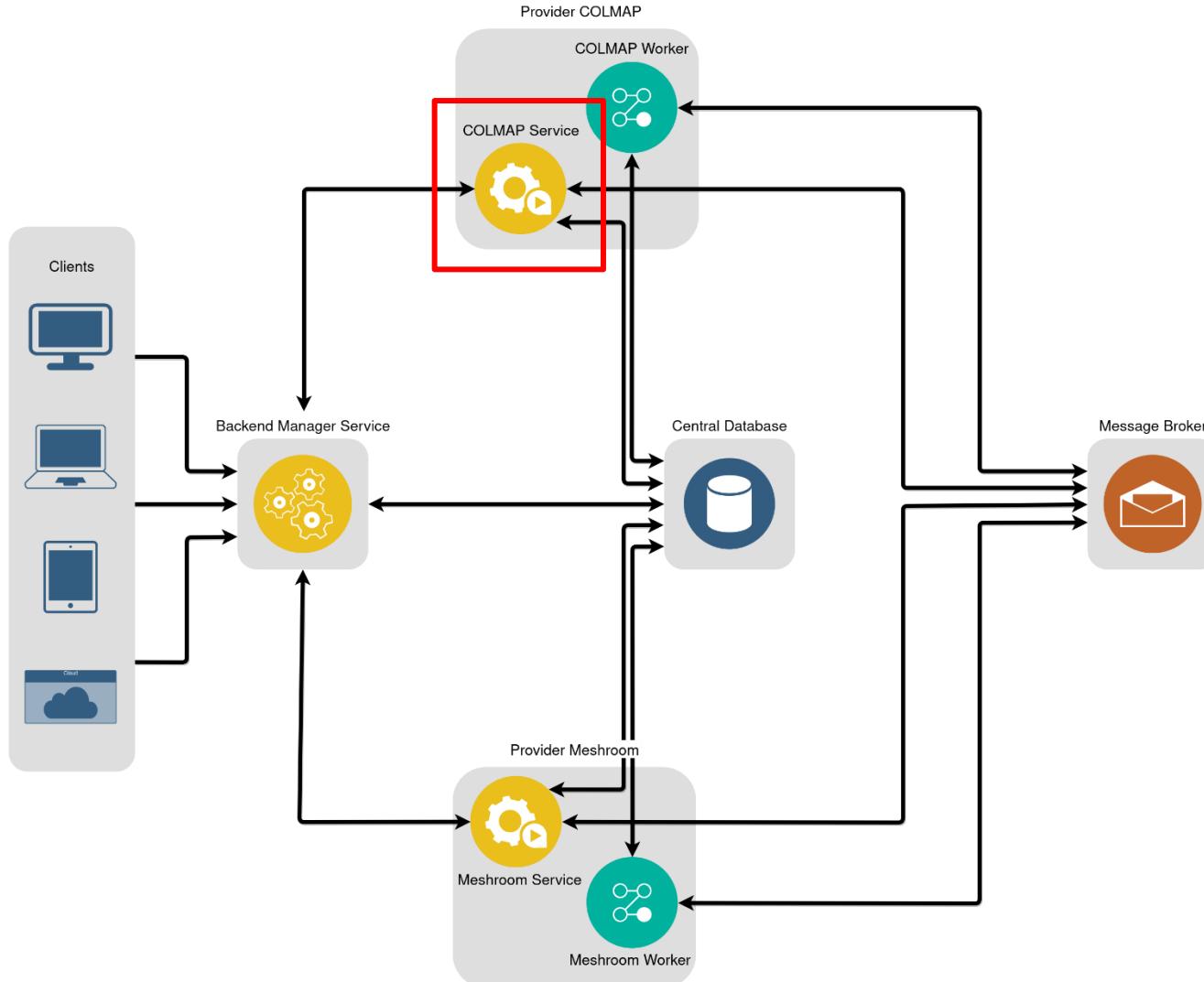
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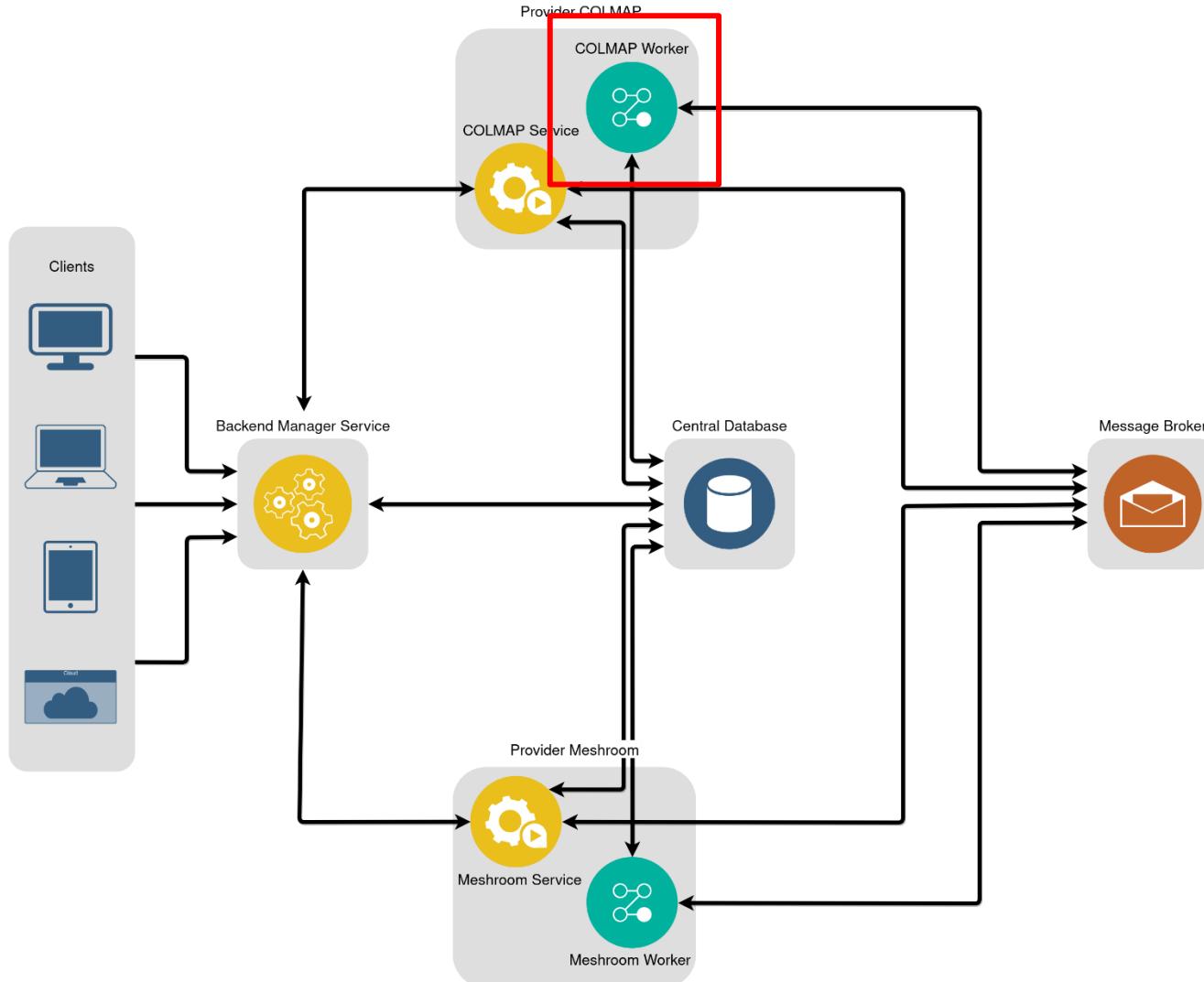
# Proposed Approach (Architecture)



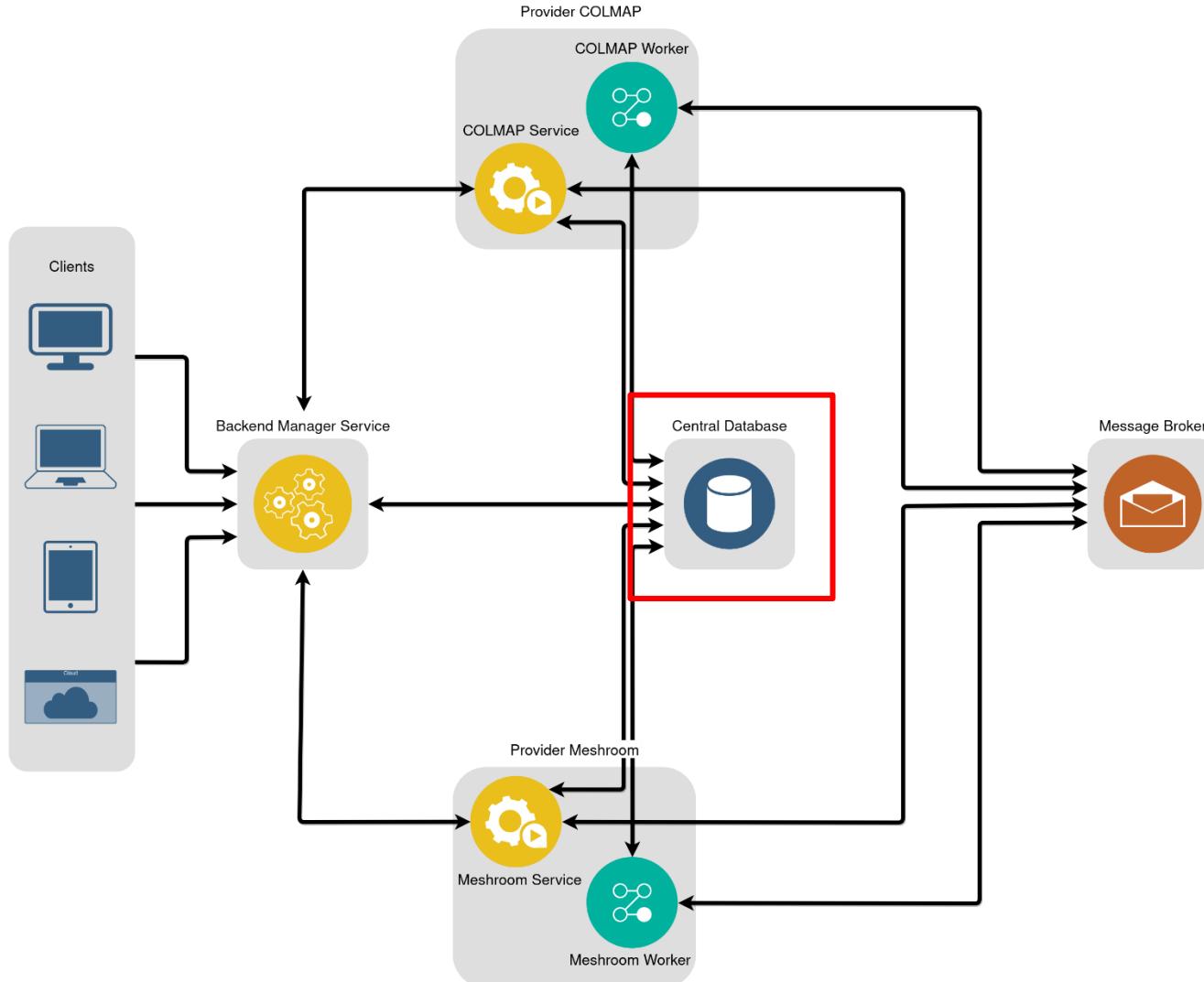
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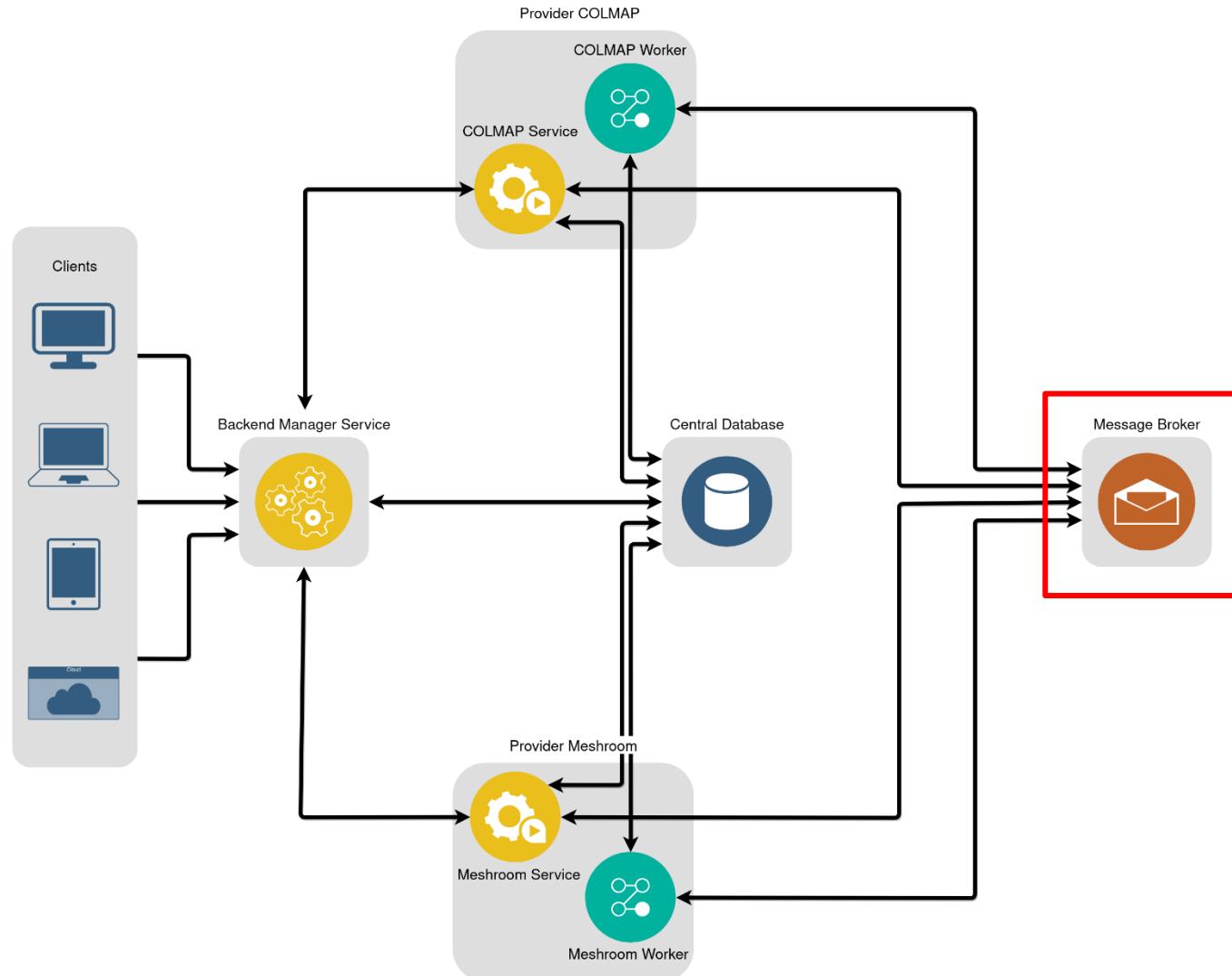
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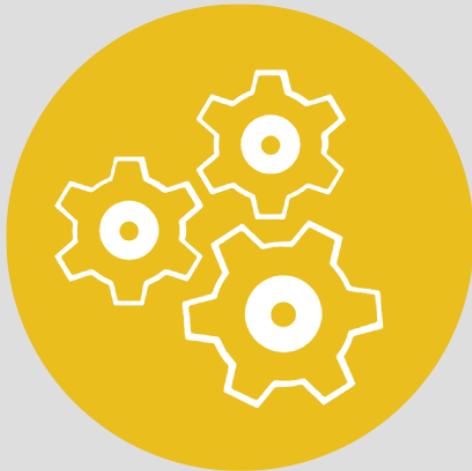


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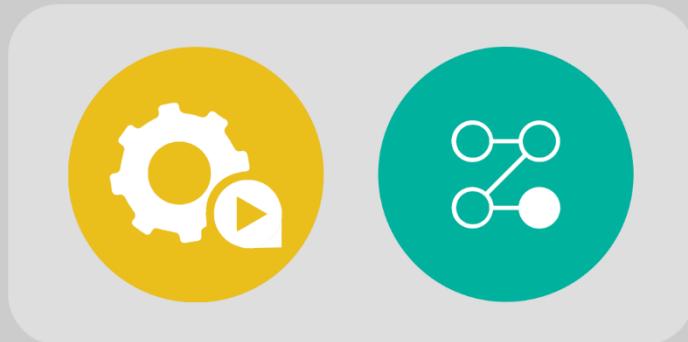
## Backend Manager Service



- Main entrypoint of the application
- Manages images and image-metadata
- Integrates different “Providers”

# Proposed Approach (Architecture)

## Provider



- Encapsulates 3D-reconstruction software
- Responsible for implementation of task execution
- Consists of “Service“ and “Worker“ component

# Proposed Approach (Architecture)

## Provider Service



- Offers functionalities via REST calls
- Manages task execution and scheduling
- Controls the “Provider Worker”

# Proposed Approach (Architecture)

## Provider Worker



- Responsible for actual reconstruction process
- Use the software CLI

# Proposed Approach (Architecture)

## Database



- Saves the related metadata for image and project related data

# Proposed Approach (Architecture)

## Message Broker

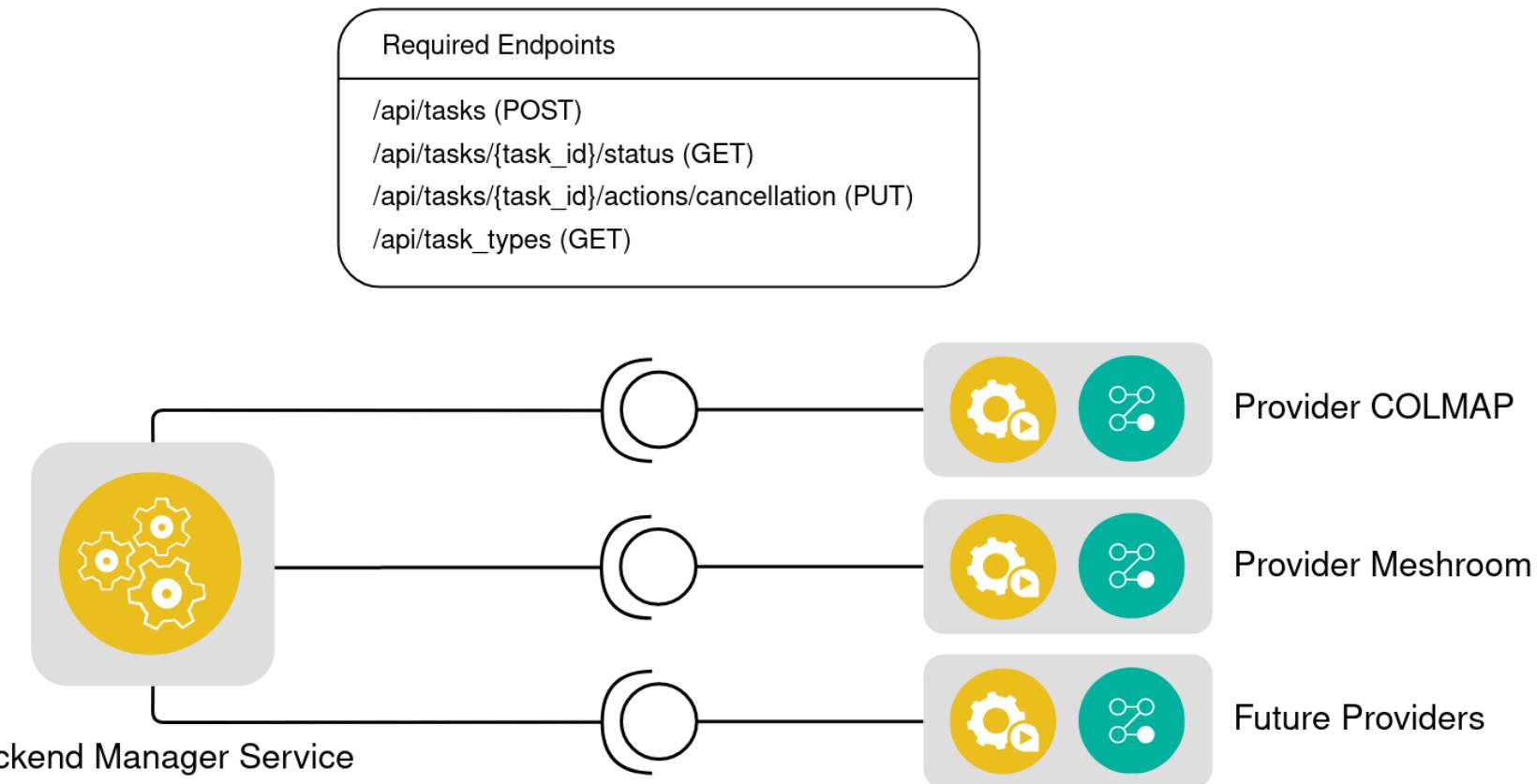


- Responsible for communication between “Provider Service” and “Worker”
- Implements a message-queue for task-scheduling

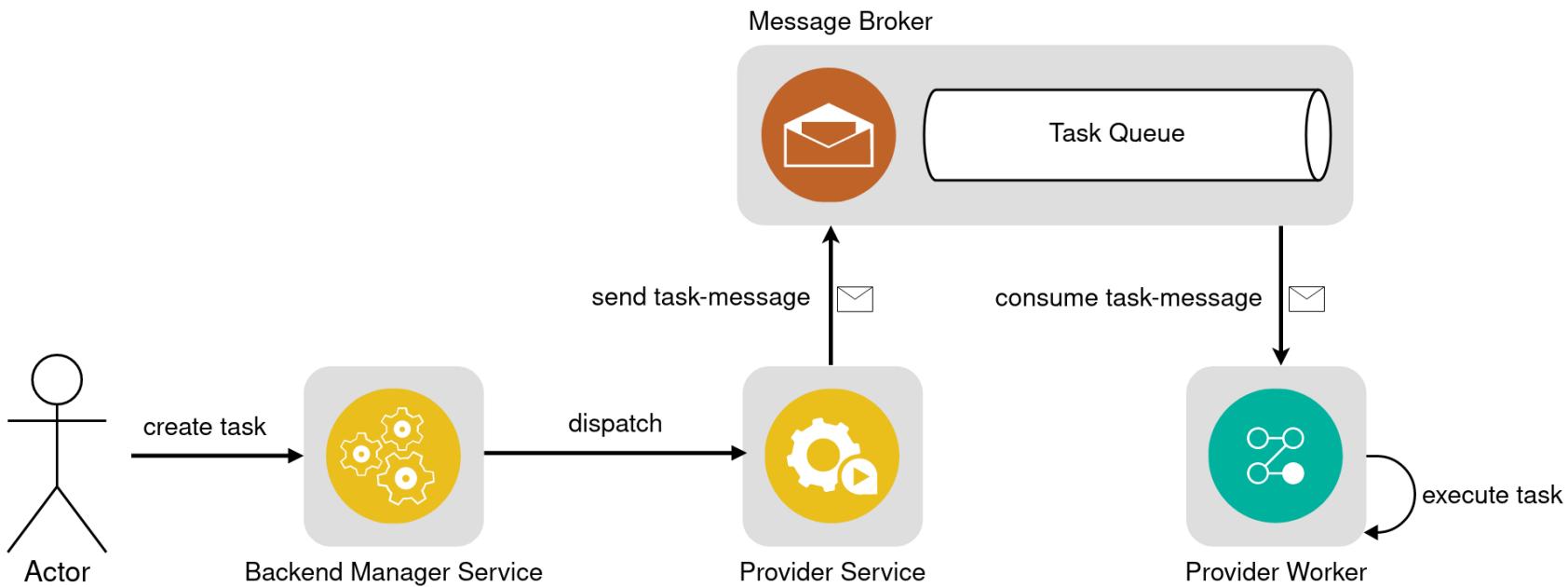
# Proposed Approach (Design Decisions)

- Microservice Architecture
- Container-based deployment (Docker)
- “Provider Interface“ – requirements for a “Provider“
- Task queue scheduling for reconstruction tasks
- Provider Subdivision (Worker and Service component)

# Proposed Approach (Provider Interface)



# Proposed Approach (Task Queue)



# Proposed Approach (Task Queue)

Task Queue:

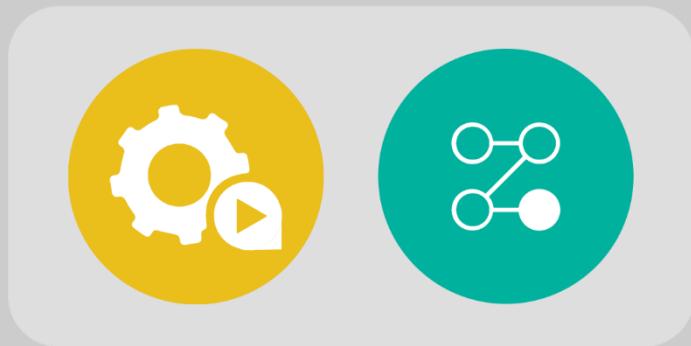
- Advisable for:
  - Resource-intense background computations
  - Long and blocking tasks
- Allows for:
  - Improved scalability
  - Sequential or parallel execution by workers

# Proposed Approach (Provider Interface)

- “Provider Interface” requires routes for task execution, status and cancellation as well as a list of offered offered task types
- Provider integration in the “Backend Manager Service” is managed in a single config file

# Proposed Approach (Provider Subdivision)

Provider



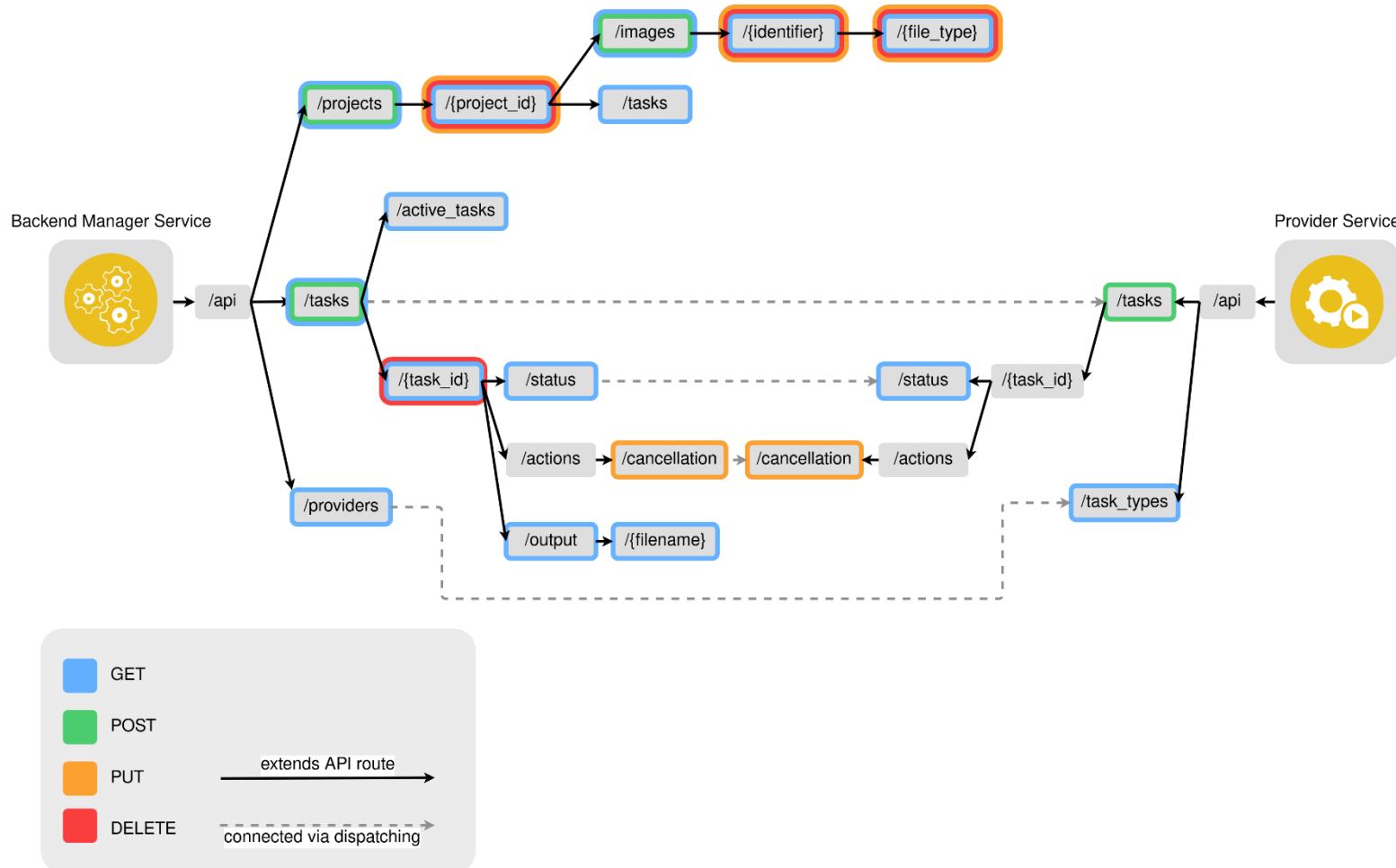
Service

Worker

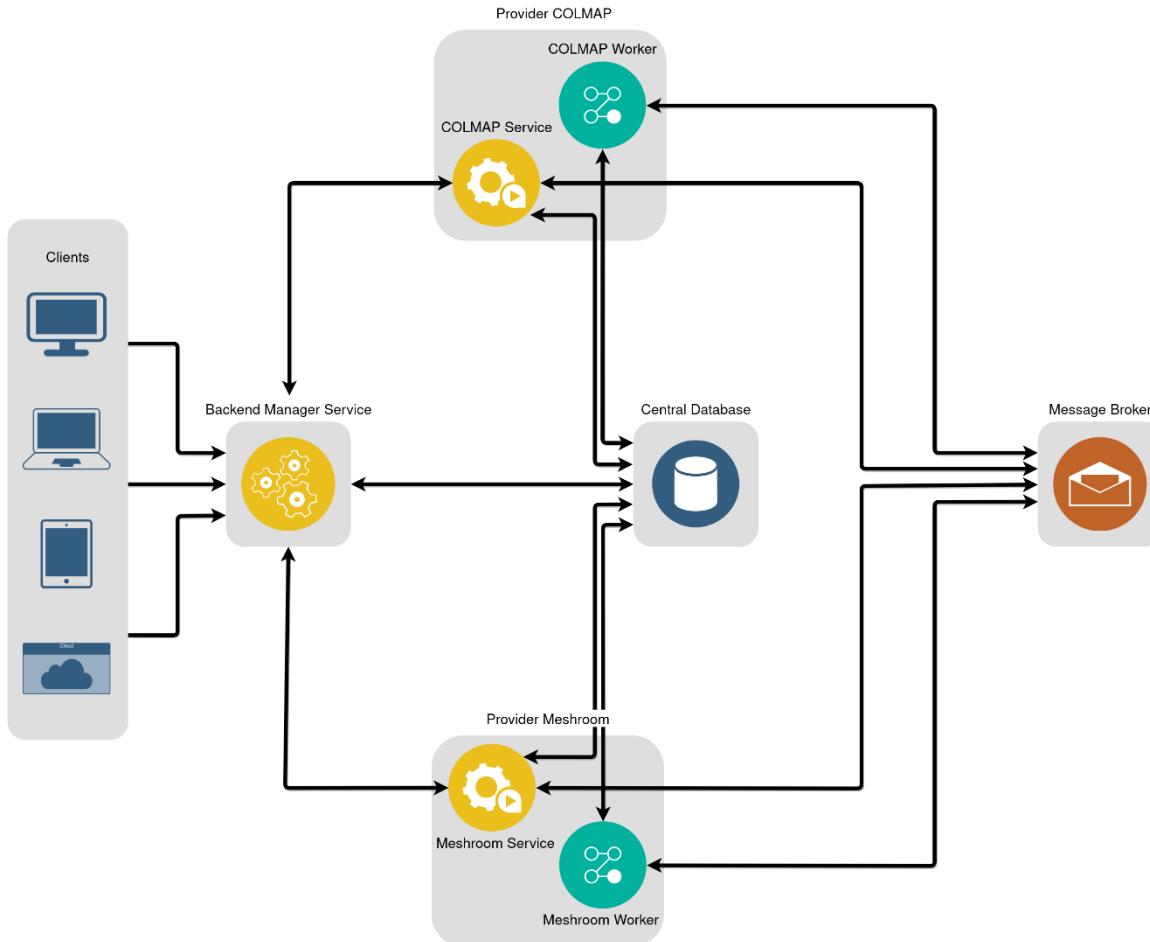
Provider is split up into a “Worker” and “Service” component:

- Allows independent scaling of “Service” (=managing) and “Worker” (=executing) components

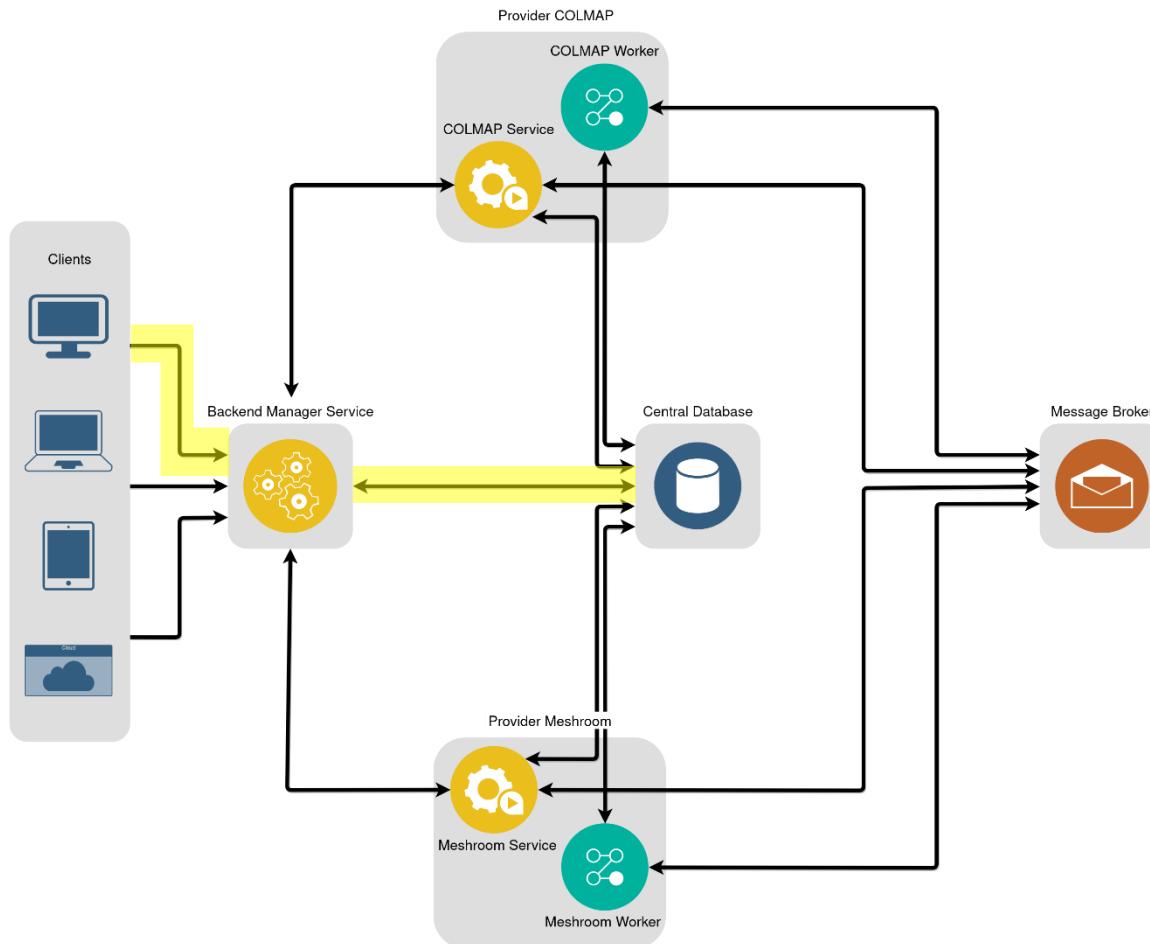
# Proposed Approach (Offered API-Routes)



# Proposed Approach (Sample Workflow)

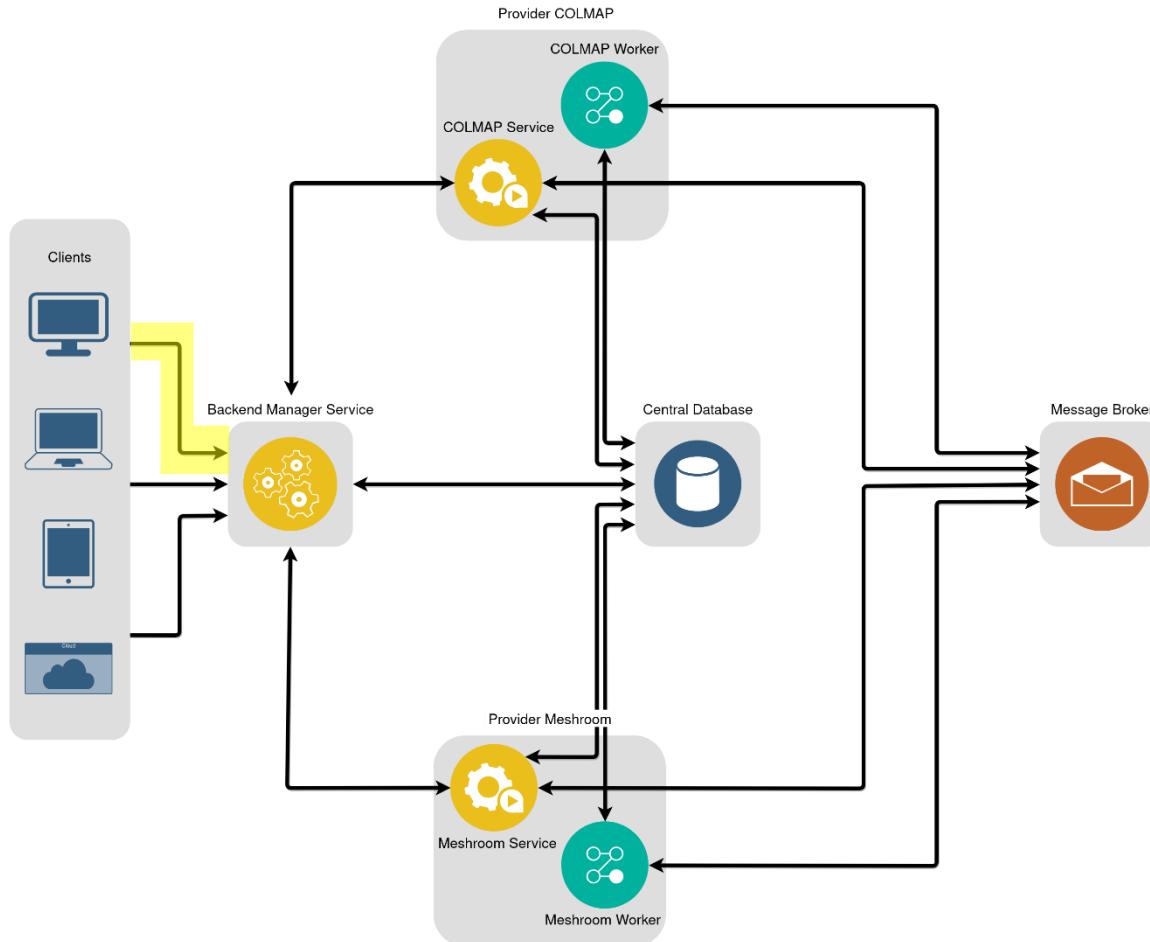


# Proposed Approach (Sample Workflow)



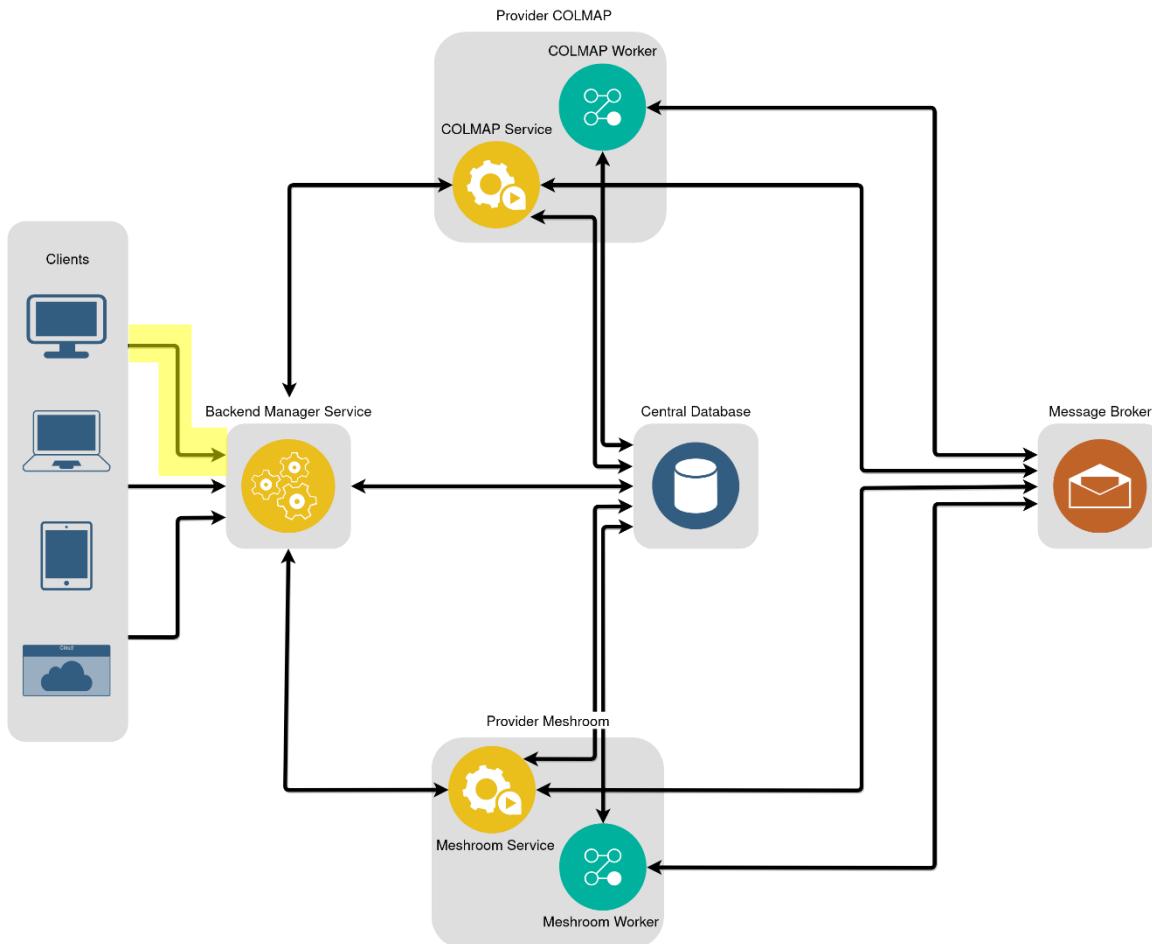
1. Create a project (image-set)

# Proposed Approach (Sample Workflow)



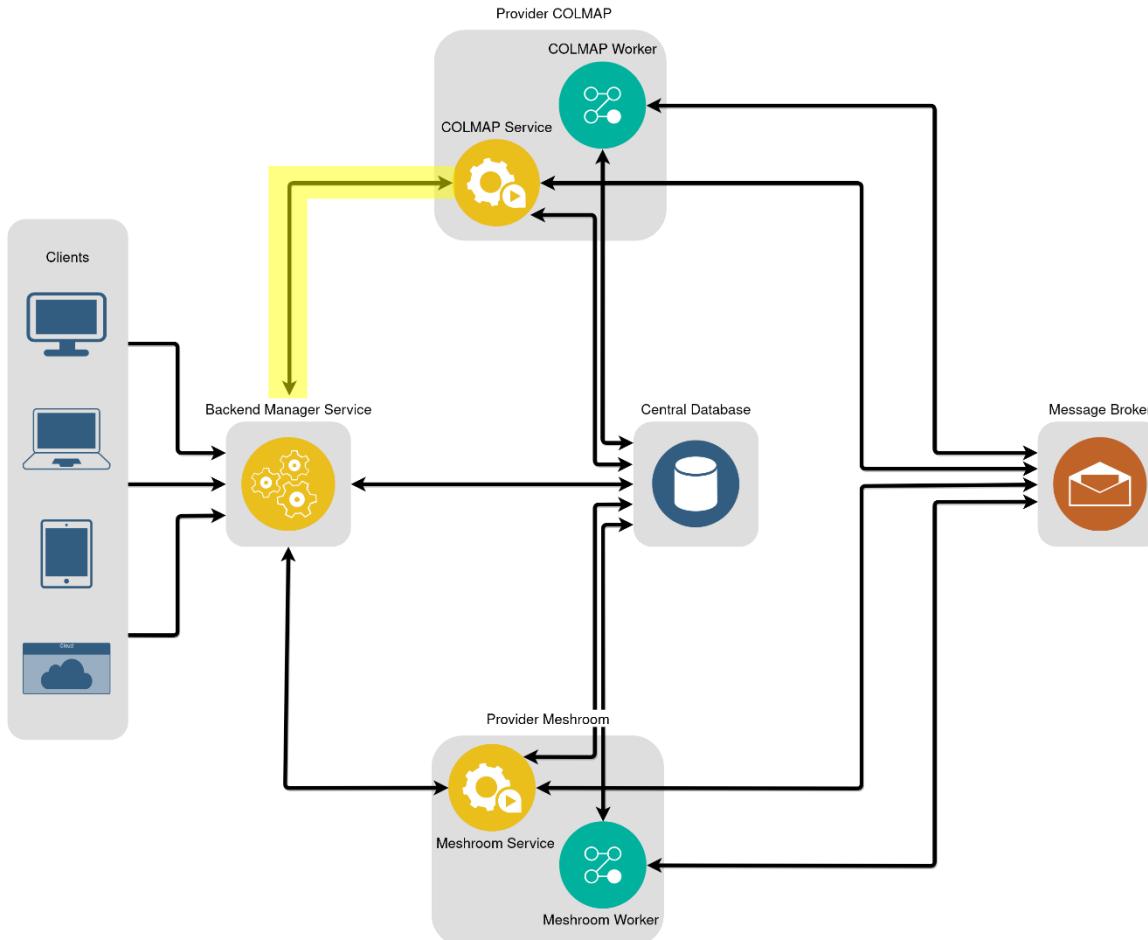
## 2. Upload images with corresponding metadata

# Proposed Approach (Sample Workflow)



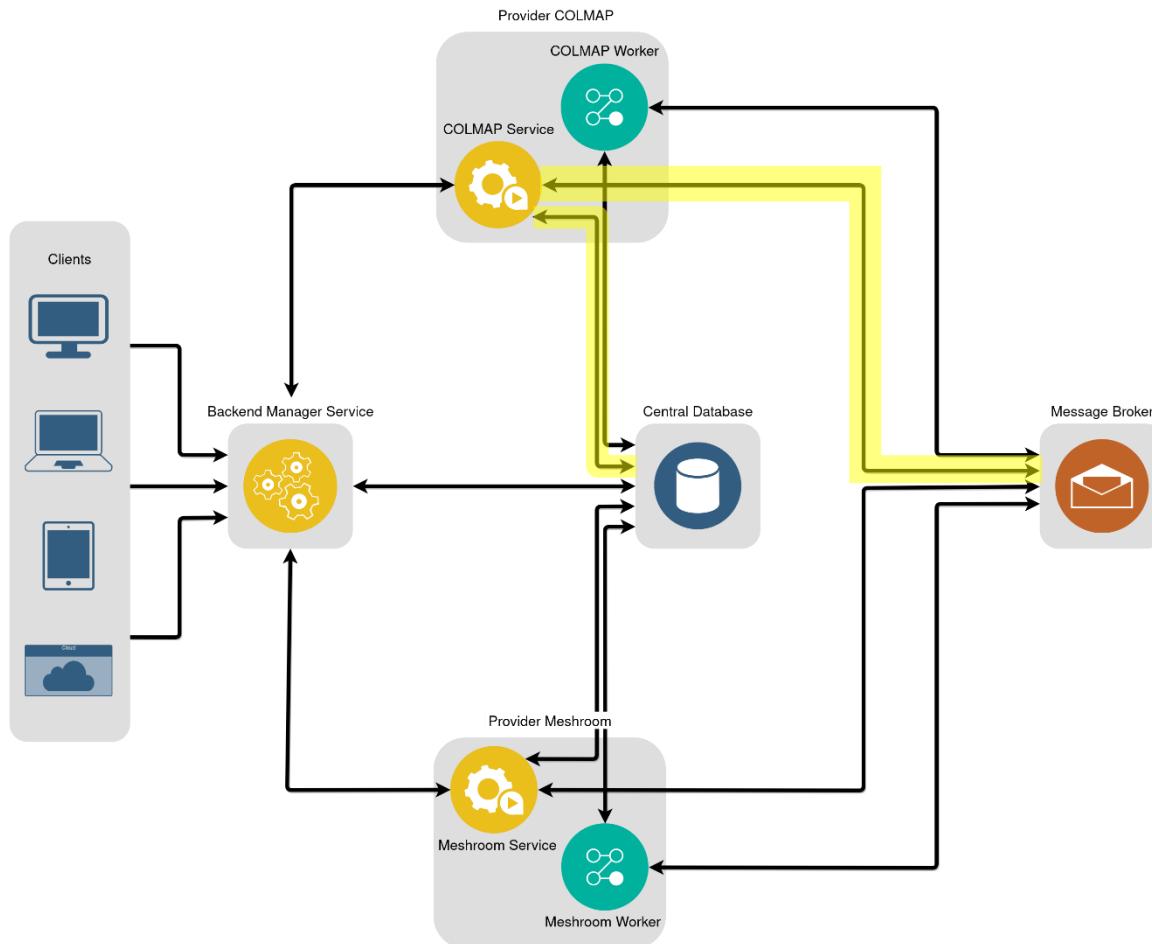
3. Trigger task execution with a selected provider

# Proposed Approach (Sample Workflow)



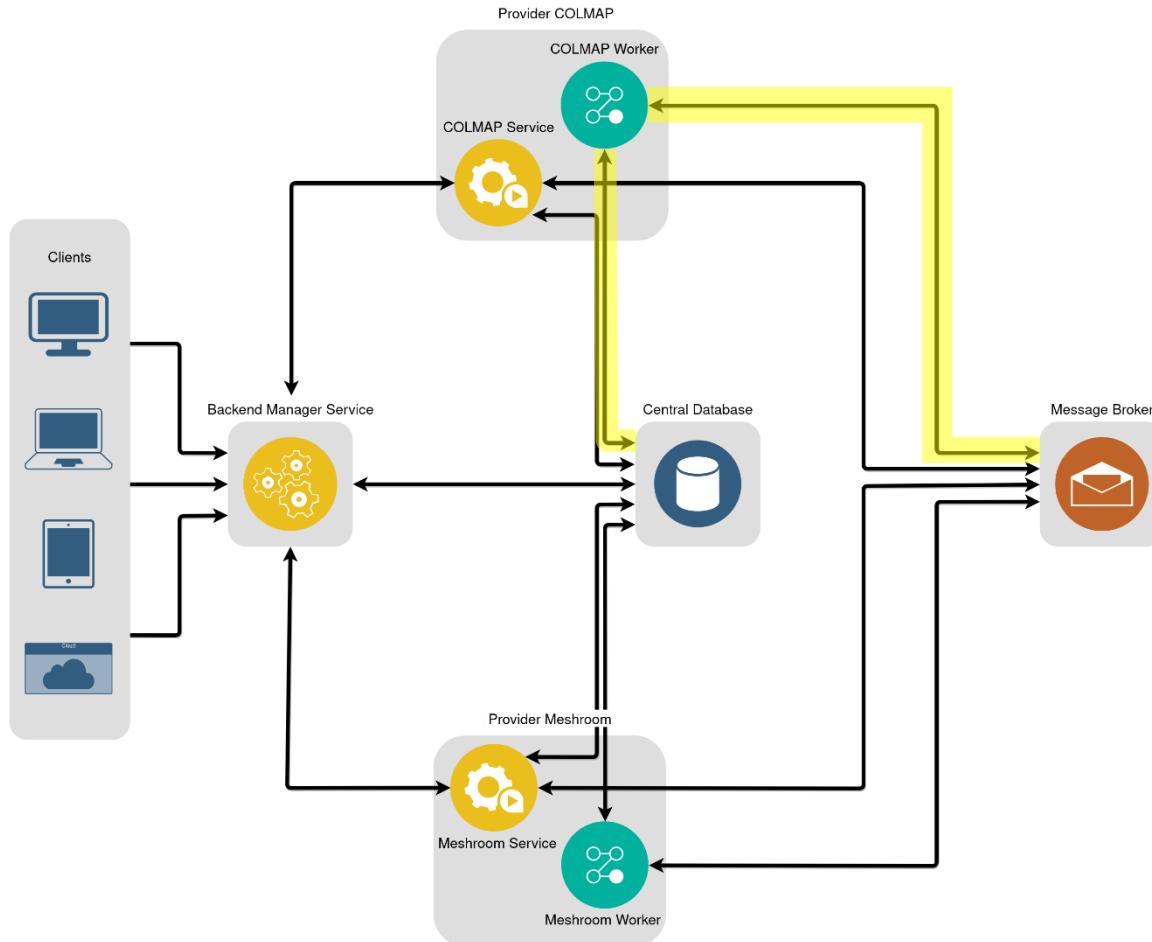
4. BMS redirects task request to provider (service)

# Proposed Approach (Sample Workflow)



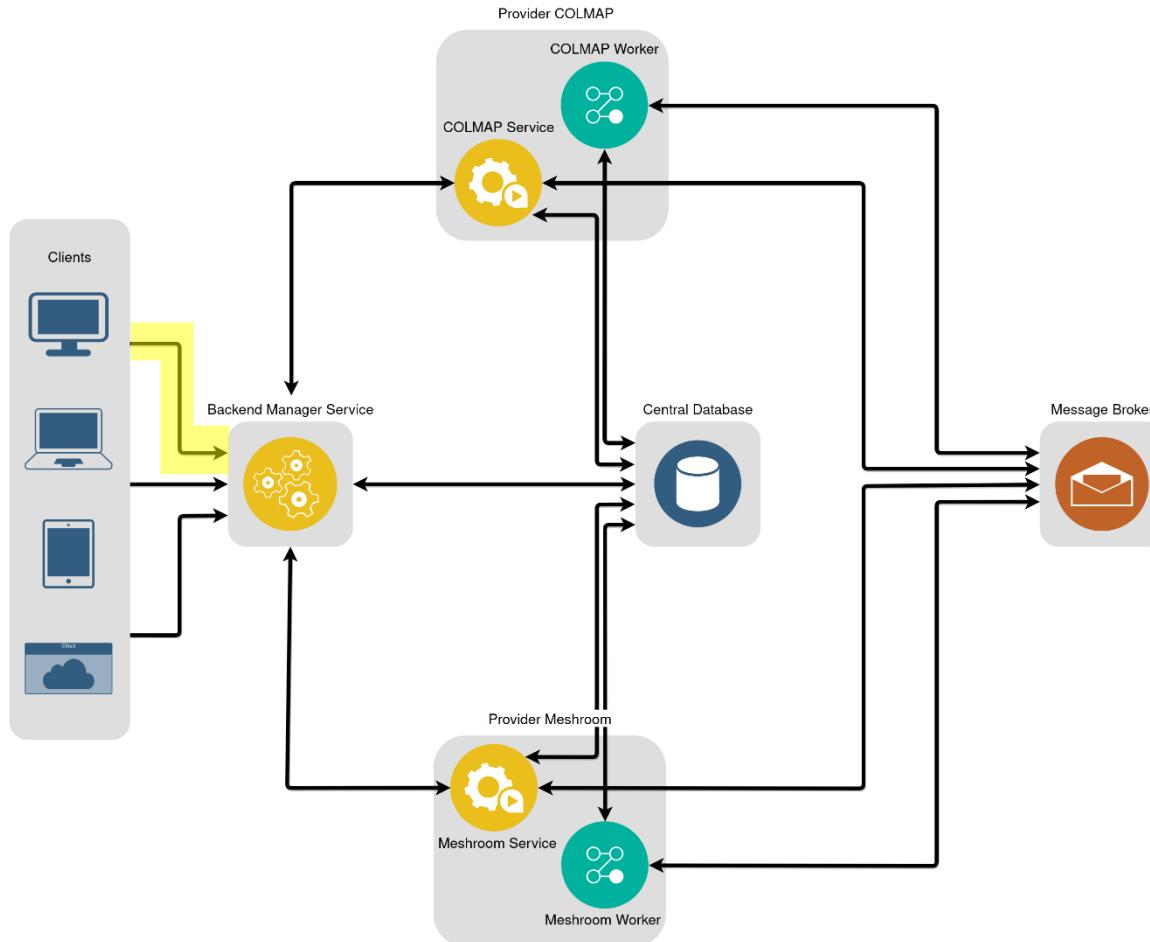
5. Provider Service creates and schedules task

# Proposed Approach (Sample Workflow)



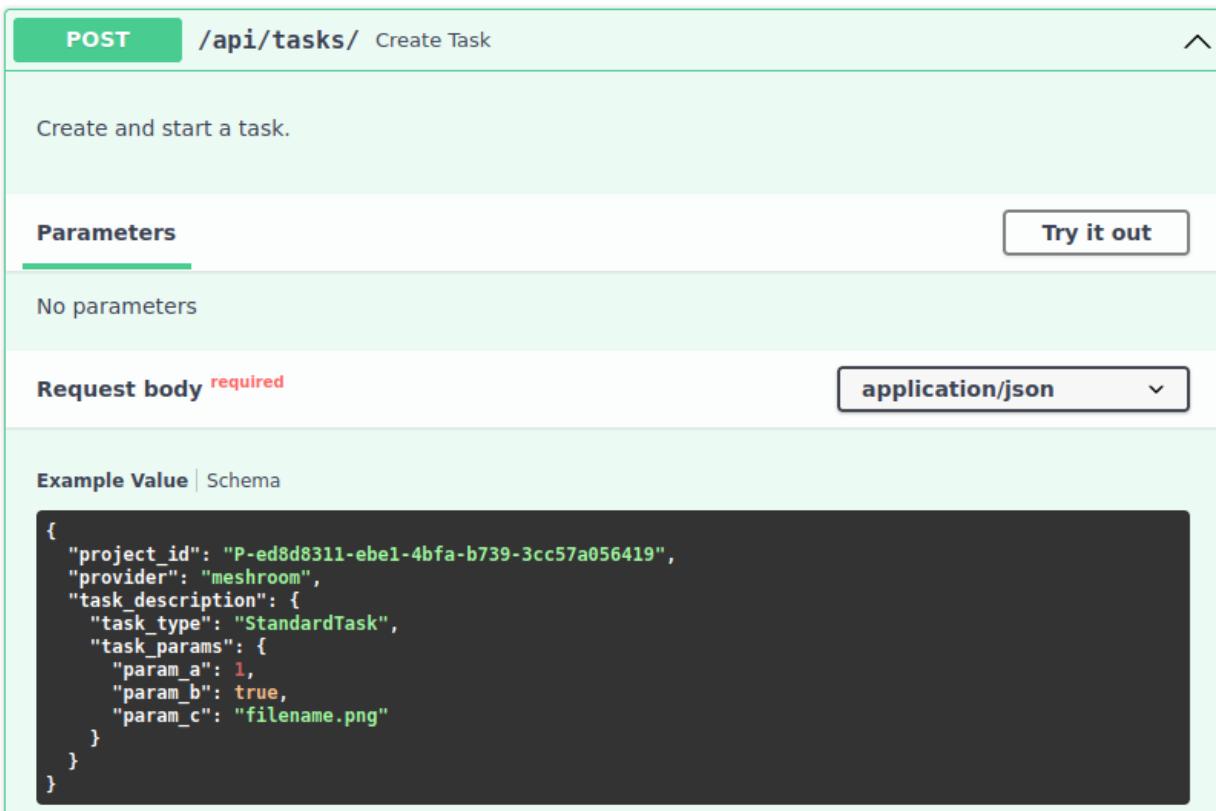
6. Provider Worker fetches and executes task

# Proposed Approach (Sample Workflow)



7. (After task execution) Task outputs can be retrieved

# Proposed Approach (Task Execution)



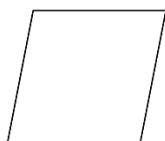
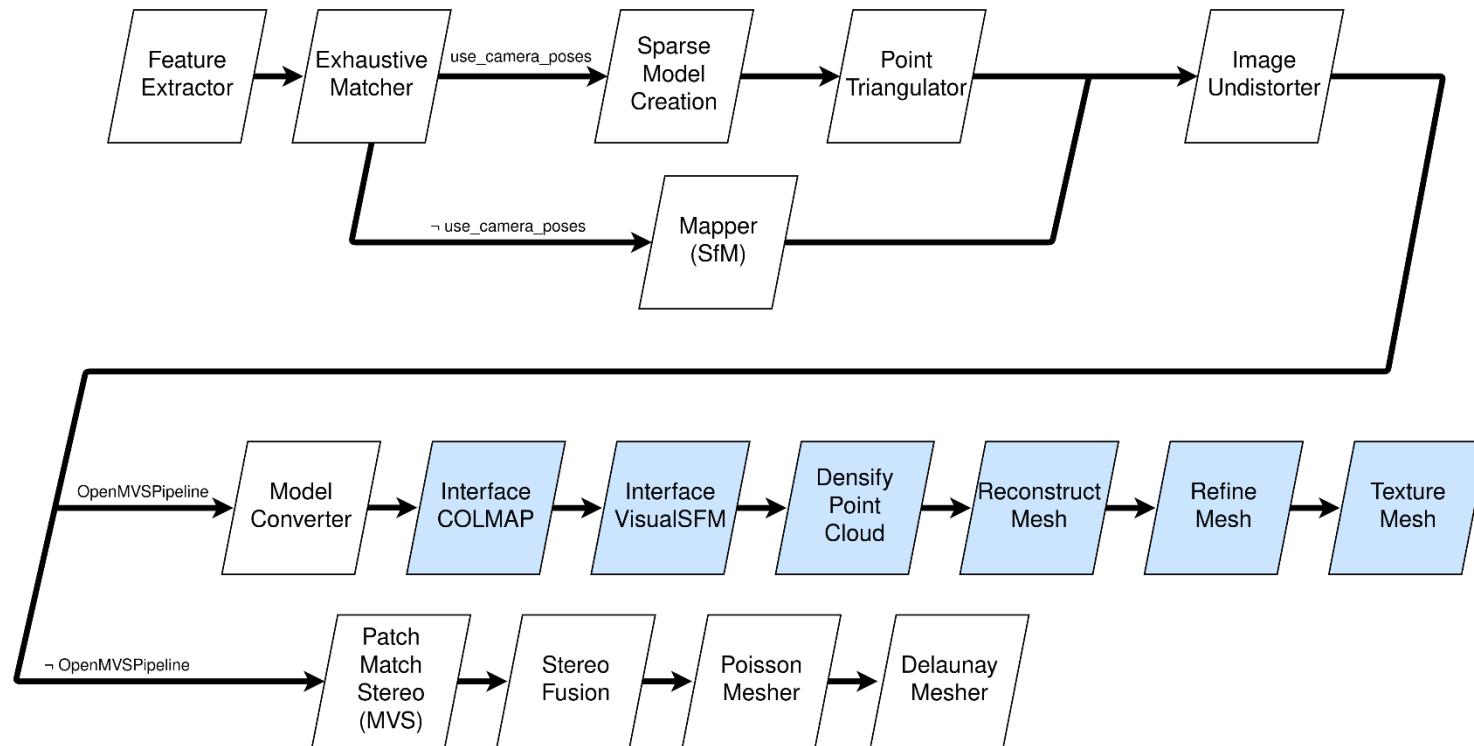
The screenshot shows a Swagger UI interface for a RESTful API. The top bar indicates a **POST** method and the endpoint **/api/tasks/ Create Task**. Below this, a brief description states "Create and start a task." A "Parameters" section shows "No parameters". On the right, a "Try it out" button is available. The "Request body" section is marked as **required** and set to **application/json**. The "Example Value" section displays the following JSON schema:

```
{
  "project_id": "P-ed8d8311-ebe1-4bfa-b739-3cc57a056419",
  "provider": "meshroom",
  "task_description": {
    "task_type": "StandardTask",
    "task_params": {
      "param_a": 1,
      "param_b": true,
      "param_c": "filename.png"
    }
  }
}
```

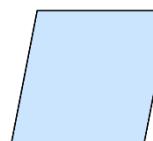
# Proposed Approach (Provided Functionalities)

- Upload and manage image-sets and image-metadata
- Perform reconstructions using two providers
- Specify parameters for task execution
- Retrieve results
- Use of camera pose information (COLMAP)

# Proposed Approach (Available Pipelines)

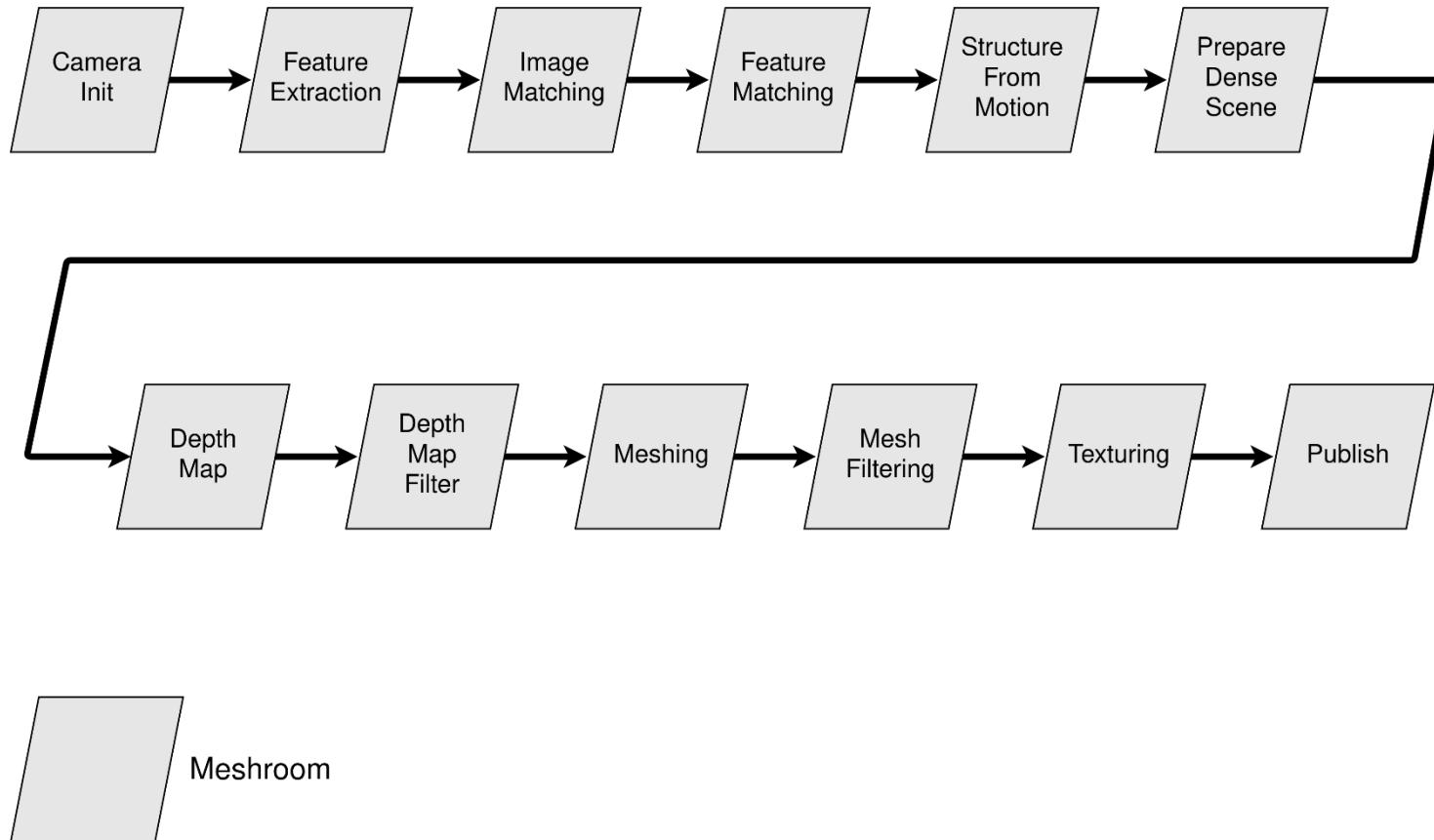


COLMAP



OpenMVS

# Proposed Approach (Available Pipelines)



# Implementation

- Python
- FastAPI (Web microservices // Microservice architecture)
  - Pydantic
  - Swagger
- Docker (Containerization)
- Celery + RabbitMQ (Task Queue)
- MySQL (Database)

# Evaluation

Structural and functional evaluation:

- Reusability of the API:
  - Evaluate how the API can be used by client projects
  - Evaluate Documentation
- Functional evaluation:
  - Testing API routes
  - Testing reconstruction pipeline

# Evaluation (Results)

Structural and functional evaluation:

- API provides a wide range of options to manage image-sets and perform reconstruction tasks
- Well documented
- Errorless pipeline execution for all available pipelines\*

\*besides issues caused by local limitations (RAM)

# Discussion / Reflection

- Error handling
- Logging
- Implementing AliceVision instead of Meshroom

# Suggested Future Work

- Integration of more photogrammetry software
- Use of additional information (depth mapth information)
- Support for more input formats (e.g. video input)
- Modularization of pipeline steps
- Model evaluation
- Parameter tuning
- Scaling and cloud deployment

# Conclusion

- Promising architecture
- Future oriented development
- Well-functioning web service and API
- Lots of potential for future features

# List of References

1. Agisoft Metashape: <https://www.agisoft.com/>
2. AliceVision Meshroom:  
<https://alicevision.org/#meshroom>
3. COLMAP: <https://demuc.de/colmap/>
4. J. Heller, M. Havlena, M. Jancosek, A. Torii, and T. Pajdla. “3D reconstruction from photographs by CMP SfM web service”
5. Y. T. Tefera, F. Poiesi, D. Morabito, F. Remondino, E. Nocerino, and P. Chippendale. “3DNOW: Image-based 3D reconstruction and modeling via web”

# List of References

6. Autodesk ReCap Photo:

<https://www.autodesk.com/products/recap/overview>

7. Agisoft Cloud: <https://cloud.agisoft.com/>

8. PIX4Dcloud. <https://cloud.pix4d.com/demo>

9. WebODMLightning: <https://webodm.net/>

10. FastAPI: <https://fastapi.tiangolo.com/>

11. Pydantic: <https://pydantic-docs.helpmanual.io/>

12. Swagger: <https://swagger.io/>

13. Celery: <https://docs.celeryproject.org/en/stable/>

# List of References

14. RabbitMQ: <https://www.rabbitmq.com/>
15. MySQL: <https://www.mysql.com/>
16. Docker: <https://www.docker.com/>

# Questions